

## Make Arrangements for Red Cross Drive

A meeting of the executive committee of the Didsbury and District Red Cross Society was held on Thursday evening to make arrangements for the Red Cross Drive which is to start on October 13th.

Mr. Austin presented to the meeting a photograph of the Red Cross ambulance donated by Didsbury and District, which had been received from Red Cross headquarters that day. The letter accompanying the photograph stated that 130 ambulances had been given to the British Red Cross and most of them had already been sent overseas. They had also sent 20 ambulances to the Canadian Army Medical Corps and 27 to the British and Canadian Air Forces.

The question of allocating the surplus funds from the Ambulance Fund was discussed. After paying \$1,750 for the ambulance there was a balance on hand of \$958.88.

Headquarters had indicated that funds were urgently needed for the supplying of food to prisoners of war, as Canada had been asked to send 10,000 food parcels weekly. The committee decided that the surplus be sent to the general fund, with a recommendation that it be used for that purpose if found necessary.

The forthcoming campaign was discussed and the president appointed the nucleus of a committee to conduct the campaign as follows: N. S. Clarke, W. H. Davies, C. E. Reiber, H. Morgan, Hugh McLean, A. Brusso, J. H. Robertson, the president and the secretary.

### Knox United Church Notes

The message on the United Church charge on Sunday will be "Bearing and Sharing Burdens." Most people feel that life would be happier if there was no work to do. Do we make our lot easier by shirking? What is the Christian teaching about this matter? Join with us in the fellowship of praise and worship and be fitted for the tasks of life. Come at 7:15 p.m. on Sunday and join in the song service.

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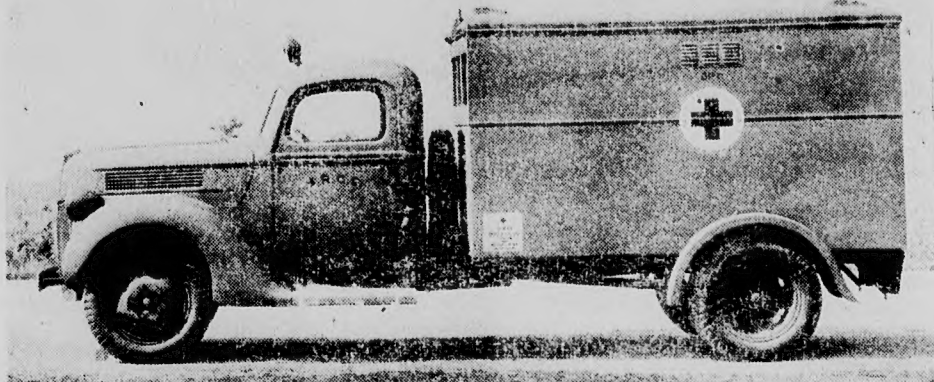
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## DIDSBURY'S GIFT AMBULANCE.



The above is a photograph of the ambulance donated by Didsbury and District to the National Red Cross for presentation to the British Red Cross. The ambulance was purchased at a cost of \$1,750 and is among those which have already been sent to England. The picture was received from Red Cross Headquarters on Thursday last. The plaque on the side bears the name of the donor.

### Will Change Location of Red Cross Rooms

With the coming of fall the ladies are planning to intensify their efforts in Red Cross work.

At the meeting held on Thursday it was decided to open a work room where ladies can meet to obtain supplies and possibly do work several afternoons during each week.

Mrs. Lowrie, Mrs. McCloy and Mrs. Austin were appointed a committee to obtain a suitable room and see that it is fixed up.

It was also decided to hold teas periodically and the following committees were appointed:

Mrs. Dr. Clarke, Mrs. W. J. McCoy, Mrs. J. V. Berscht, Mrs. W. E. Rieder and Mrs. Durant.

Mrs. Beveridge, Mrs. Hislop, Mrs. Art Reiber, Mrs. Cockburn and Mrs. Lynch-Staunton.

Mrs. Austin was asked to appoint a committee for purchasing materials and packing made-up supplies.

It was announced that materials will be purchased this week and that turtle-neck sweaters, and scarves and socks for the Navy are principal among goods now being asked for.

### New Station Agent is Appointed.

Mr. E. P. Brinton, of Cayley, has received the appointment as station agent at Didsbury, succeeding Mr. J. A. McGhee, who has been transferred to Brooks.

Mr. Brinton has over 30 years' service with the C.P.R. and has been station agent at Cayley for the past nine years.

### Rosebud Secretary R. D. Sutherland Dies.

Robert Dunbar Sutherland, 57, secretary of Rosebud Municipality, No. 280, of Crossfield, died in a Calgary Hospital on Monday, after a brief illness.

Born at Edinburgh, Scotland, he came to Canada in 1907 and to Alberta in 1910. During the last war he served as a lieutenant in the Imperial army and on his return to Canada in 1919, he farmed east of Carstairs until 1931 when he was appointed secretary of the municipality.

He was well known and had many friends in Didsbury, being a regular visitor to the local Canadian Legion and the Masonic Lodge.

Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Mary Sutherland, of Crossfield; and two brothers, Colin, of Long Island, N.Y., and Jack of Burma, India.

The funeral services were held at Crossfield on Wednesday afternoon, when a number of members of the local Masonic Lodge attended.

### Harvest Festival at St. Cyprian's

The Harvest festival at St. Cyprian's Anglican Church will be held this coming Sunday, the 29th, at 3 p.m. when Rev. N. Holmes will have charge of the service.

Members and friends are asked to have their contributions of flowers, grain, vegetables, etc. at the church on Saturday afternoon, in order that they may be arranged for the Harvest festival on the following day.

### Vegetables are Asked for Jr. Red Cross, Woods Home

When you are digging your potatoes and vegetables—don't forget to save a sack or two for the Junior Red Cross and Woods Children's Home.

The work of both these organizations is well known in this district and out of the abundance of garden stuff that has been grown here this year a sack or two can easily be spared by most people.

Canned fruit is also being asked by the Junior Red Cross and donations will be much appreciated by the crippled children.

Arrangements have been made with Mr. A. G. Studer for a storage place in his warehouse until they can be shipped to Calgary.

When you are coming to town throw a sack or two in your car and bring them in.

### WEDDINGS

#### RINGHEIM-IMESON

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at Lethbridge on September 7th when Miss Jean Imeson, of Nobleford, was united in marriage to Mr. John Ringheim, of Didsbury.

The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. J. M. Pritchard, pastor of the Knox United Church, Lethbridge, in the presence of relatives and friends.

The bride wore a dress of dust rose silk with hat to match and carried a bouquet of gladiolas. She was attended by Mrs. L. Davey, her sister, who wore a dress of sky-blue silk with hat to match. The groom was attended by Mr. H. Imeson, brother of the bride.

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, at which about forty guests were present. The table was centred by a 3-tier wedding cake and the bride acknowledged her acceptance of the many lovely gifts received from her numerous friends.

At present the happy couple are visiting the groom's parents at Didsbury.

### Westerdale Council.

At the meeting of the council of Westerdale municipal district held in Didsbury on Saturday a letter was read from the Department of Public Utilities, asking that a delegate be appointed to attend a meeting on Thursday to organize the Didsbury-Olds Full Time Health Unit. The letter stated that it was desirable to get the work under way during the fall.

Councillor N. S. Clarke was appointed representative to attend the meeting.

Arrangements were made to lease a plot of land from the Department of Lands and Mines for use as a community picnic grounds on the school section near Mound school.

Representations were made by the Olds Elks for purchase of land on the banks of the Little Red on the Sundre road to ensure use of the land as a picnic grounds. The matter was left in abeyance.

The council accepted a survey of a diversion on the S.W. 15-33-3-5 on the road leading from Eagle Hill to the Little Red Deer.

A grant of \$200.00 was made to the Salvation Army.

Consideration of matters of relief and hospital bills, adoption of pay rolls and the passing of accounts comprised the other business transacted.

### Rosebud Track Meet Friday, October 4th

A meeting of the representatives from the various schools participating in the annual Rosebud Schools Track Meet was held.

The following were elected: President, Mr. E. M. Erickson, Olds; Secretary-Treasurer, Miss T. V. Butchart, Olds.

Weather permitting the meet will be held at Olds on Friday, October 4th. In the event of adverse weather conditions it will be postponed until October 11th.

The classification of candidates and events remains the same as last year.

Schools taking part are Innisfail, Bowden, Olds, Didsbury and Carstairs.

Mr. W. J. McLean of Red Deer, former inspector of schools, will act as referee.

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## A Mutual Defence Line

The swift march of events in Europe this spring and summer has so thoroughly aroused and alarmed the people of the United States that they are now prepared to undergo great sacrifices to put their defences in order, to maintain the integrity of their land and to preserve inviolate what is commonly referred to as the American way of life and the American standard of living.

The people of the United States are now fully alive to the fact that if Britain should be defeated, an eventuality which we do not for one moment entertain, their turn would come next, and if, as some military and naval authorities in that country are wont to assert, invasion of the United States by Hitler and his goose-stepping Nazis is a physical impossibility, the American people are now fully aware that subjugation of Britain would spell for them economic domination by a Nazified eastern hemisphere.

There is some reason, too, to doubt the assertion of some authorities that the United States would be immune from physical damage by the Nazi war machine, for only May 15 a report of the Naval Affairs Committee of the U.S. Senate said:

"From all the evidence available it appears that the United States can be conquered without military conquest of continental United States. An effective blockade against our foreign commerce can be maintained at points thousands of miles from our coasts and well beyond aircraft range. Our outlying possessions will be captured and used against us as advanced bases. There will be nothing to prevent the establishment of bases, by force if necessary, in this hemisphere, from which as well as from aircraft carriers, repeated bombing raids can be dispatched against our highly industrialized areas."

### Their First Line

The foregoing extract from the Naval Affairs Committee report is highly illuminating, but that does not take into account the assistance that might and undoubtedly would be given to Hitler and his cohorts by the enemy within the gates, as was the case in Norway, Belgium and other victims of the Nazi machine. There is plenty of evidence that the United States is saddled with Nazi agents who are working their propaganda machine overtime and only await the time and opportunity to indulge in sabotage and other overt acts.

That the people of the United States have become alarmed at the situation and are fully aware of the potential dangers that threaten them is evidenced in many ways, including the fact that Congress, which was prepared to vote two billion dollars to strengthen the defences of the country in the middle of May boosted the appropriation by the middle of July to ten billion dollars and did so, with alacrity and eagerness.

This substantial sum provides, among other things for a two-ocean navy, but it is pointed out, it will require the lapse of about six years before this adequate navy can be built and completed. In the meantime, the United States is relying upon and will continue to rely upon the services of the British navy to protect its ocean-borne commerce.

The conclusion is obvious and that is that the United States first line of defence is in European waters where the British navy is holding the fort and until such time as the new American naval program is completed it would appear to be a vital necessity for the people of the United States to assist the British in every possible way and with every means at their disposal.

### A Further Opportunity

The situation was aptly summarized by Robert E. Sherwood in an article in the Reader's Digest in which he said: "The chief bulwark between us and the world revolution is Britain's navy. As a matter of cold, calculating self-preservation we must keep that navy fighting on our side by providing Britain with every needed ship, gun, plane, implement of war, pound of food and shred of hope that we can give."

Even as the vital necessity for building powerful defences has suddenly dominated the American conscience so the doctrine that Europe is the first line of defence is rapidly gaining ground south of the international boundary. Only recently the political leaders of the United States and Canada agreed to set up a joint defence board and to co-operate in the defence of this hemisphere. It is but one step further for the United States to give a greater measure of aid to Britain's war effort and particularly that effort on the seas.

It is gratifying to note that an important step in that direction has recently been taken in the form of an agreement to furnish Great Britain with 50 of 150 overage destroyers in the possession of the United States in exchange for leasehold rights of British territory in the West Indies and the Central American coasts as sites for United States naval and air force bases.

Thus the heaven of British-American solidarity, so vitally essential for mutual protection, is already working and may be expected to be materially augmented as the war progresses to the discomfiture of the Axis powers.

### India's Contribution

#### Quantities Of War Material Sent To Overseas Centres

India has made news since the war started because of discussions over the tangled constitutional question but all the time she has been making a tremendous contribution to the war effort. Figures released in India showed that since the outbreak of the war India has despatched 15 overseas centres 75,000,000 rounds of small arms ammunition, 200,000 shells of all categories, 4,500,000 sandbags, 10,000 sets of web equipment, 600,000 blankets, 3,000,000 yards of khaki drill and large quantities of other material.

Children need the most food for their size when babies and when in their teens, nutritionists point out.

### Apple Juice

#### Okanagan Valley Growers See Possibility In New Industry

The growth of the apple juice industry in the last year has been one of the most hopeful developments in Canadian agriculture. Apple juice has caught on all over the country, but more in the East, apparently, than in the West. It has absorbed a substantial part of our surplus apple production and it will absorb more, if Canadians once get the habit of drinking it, instead of imported orange juice. To the hard-pressed Okanagan Valley this industry holds out important possibilities. Vancouver Sun.

That's the trouble with Hitler. He wants England to be Herr-conditioned.

### Changed Conditions

#### Canada Now One Of The Nearest Supply Points For Britain

Canada, regarded at the start of the war as one of Britain's distant supply points, is seen now as one of the United Kingdom's nearest suppliers because of the changed conditions since Germany overran most of Europe.

This statement was contained in an announcement by the Ministry of Information that Britain seized 45,300 tons of contraband during July, 31,000 from neutral ships and 10,700 from Italian vessels. Most of the neutral ships were bound for Italy.

The increased shipping advantages obtained in recent months have compensated for the much longer distances the vessels now have to go for supplies, the Ministry said.

The statement added that Canada has embarked on a "very large" shipbuilding program involving about 100 vessels of all kinds.

There are now 7,500,000 more gross tons of shipping available to the Allies than when the war started, due largely to the increase in the number of Allies, the Ministry said. When the war started Britain and the Empire had 21,000,000 gross tons of shipping, including all vessels of more than 100 tons.

These included all types—troopships, supply ships and armed merchant cruisers—and less than half the total should be counted as available for cargo carrying.

The ships now available for the Allies include those of Norway, 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 tons; The Netherlands, more than 2,000,000 tons; Belgium and Poland, 500,000 tons, and Denmark and France, 800,000 tons.

### SELECTED RECIPES

#### COFFEE-BANANA ICE CREAM

- 1 cup granulated sugar
- 2 tablespoons Bee Hive Golden Corn Syrup
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 2 cups hot strong coffee
- 3 tablespoons Durham corn starch
- 3 tablespoons cold coffee
- 1 teaspoon pure vanilla
- 3 medium sized ripe bananas
- 2 cups heavy cream

Combine sugar, syrup, salt and strong coffee. Stir over heat until sugar dissolves, then bring to boiling point. Stir in the corn starch, blended smoothly with the cold coffee. Stir and cook until mixture thickens smoothly and no raw flavor remains. Remove from heat and add vanilla. Add the thoroughly mashed banana, and chill. Fold in the cream, whipped to the consistency of custard sauce. Turn into tray of mechanical refrigerator, and freeze to a stiff mush. Beat until smooth but not melted, level out in freezing tray and return to refrigerator until hard enough for serving.

#### ICE BOX DANTIES

- 24 Christie's Vanilla Wafers, large
- 2 cups raspberry jam
- 1 teaspoon powdered sugar
- 1/2 teaspoon vanilla
- 3/4 cup whipping cream

Spread vanilla wafers with jam and make stacks of four each. Whip cream, add sugar and vanilla. Coat each stack of wafers with whipped cream. Place on flat dish and chill in refrigerator 2 to 3 hours. Six portions.

### For Union

#### Newfoundland Once Again Thinks Of Joining Canada

The question of confederation with Canada has cropped up again in Newfoundland as the result of the unification of her defence with Canada's and the current visit of Canadian defence officers.

Newfoundlanders do not mistake the present move as a political confederation, but such opinion as a Canadian Press correspondent could test on the brief visit with the Canadian officials shows that the question has arisen in the minds of the people.

The correspondent was told the only objection in Newfoundland now to confederation would be on economic grounds. Certain business people in St. John's feel that union with Canada would place Newfoundland's resources, mainly fish, pulpwood and iron ore, on a much more direct competitive basis with those of the Maritime Provinces. There is also the feeling that taxes might be increased.

Hitler's men have punctured a few British balloons, but sooner or later the balloon of his own inflated ambition will be punctured and he will collapse.

### Advice Proved Valuable

#### King George Learns About His Father's Strategy In Last War

The King heard how a suggestion his father made on the Western Front in August, 1918, to British gunners set off a terrific barrage which rendered an important railway junction at Douai, France, practically useless to the Germans.

A Royal Engineers' lieutenant-colonel told the King and Queen at a northern artillery school how the late King George V., arriving at a 14-inch naval gun position on a railway mounting near Arras, ordered the first shot be fired at the junction.

The officer said the late King, who explained he had just come from the fourth army while it was launching an attack at Amiens, added: "You can be perfectly sure the Germans will have to rush reinforcements from Ypres through Douai. Why not keep up a harassing fire on the junction?"

In the next two months 120 tons of high explosives were dropped on Douai. An Englishwoman who lived in the district through the war later informed the officer there were 400 casualties on a German troop train in the first day's firing. The Germans used the junction little thereafter.

### No Information

No Canadian office is complete without its stand of cool drinking water. A big fellow went to a British Office of Works gardener watering the grass in the Green Park and said: "Where can I get a drink of water, friend?" The gardener scratched his head. "Don't ask me," he answered. "I never drink it."

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### Ancient Weapons

#### Combination Shot Gun And Rifle Submitted For Registration

The new regulations governing firearms has resulted in some queer specimens of weapons being submitted to the R.C.M.P. for registration.

Perhaps the prize goes to the man who brought in a muzzle-loading combination rifle and shot gun, 1817 model. The 93-year-old relic was really triple action. Besides firing a double discharge from the muzzle it must have had the kick of the proverbial mule.

Another citizen brought in an old German machine-gun that he had brought back as a souvenir from the last war. The gun was air-cooled and had a pan carrying 45 cartridges. It weighed 25 pounds, and pays tribute to the perseverance of its owner packing it back all the way from France.

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## Palestine Is Destined To Prove A Vital Factor In Mediterranean War Zone

(By Kenneth Williams)

Italy's entry into the war made Palestine a potential target for attack; a potential theatre of war. The new situation found Palestine prepared and armed, both materially and morally. The story of that moral preparedness is inspiring. Palestine, but lately the scene of bitter strife within itself, is to-day completely united in eager support for Britain and opposition to her enemies.

Both Nazis and Fascists hoped for much from the dissensions in Palestine. Their hopes have been frustrated. True, the outbreak of war a year ago did not quell the Arabs' rebellion—that had quietened down previously—but it did produce a spirit which surprised even the most optimistic observer on the Allied side.

That the Jews should rally to the side of the Powers which were not prepared to treat Jews as outcasts among the nations was, possibly, not surprising. But the gratification over their reaction was more than doubled by the way in which the Arabs of Palestine, ravaged by Nazi and Fascist propaganda though they had been, supported the cause of Britain. This spirit, moreover, was not indulged in merely in the hope of favours to come; and it endured all through the long months of comparative inaction in Europe.

There was not one Arab but knew the fate of the once free peoples of lands such as Czechoslovakia and Abyssinia. And the inhuman treatment of the Arabs in Libya was a wound which Italian participation in the war has made bleed anew in every Arab heart. The peoples of the Holy Land therefore set themselves to the task of helping the Allied cause as best they could. To the various duties connected with civil defence, to the manifold restrictions which in so complicated a society as that of which Palestine is composed were inevitable, to the unavoidable dislocation in commerce, to increased taxation, and so forth, the peoples of Palestine reacted with eager co-operation.

Of a tradition of discipline they had little—not since the Ottomans were ejected in 1918 had the Arabs been conscripted, and the Jewish community was pronouncedly individualistic—but freely they altered their

lives in order the better to defend the integrity of their land. Disorders grew fewer and fewer, and in the mixed force of Arabs and Jews which had the honour of being sent to France all Palestinians took pride, some seeing in it a portent.

Several Arabs, who before September had been regarded as among Britain's bitterest enemies, were allowed to return, to show that exile had not soured them, nor marred their ability to distinguish fundamental right from fundamental wrong.

The Holy Land, owing to the very cosmopolitan nature of its population, is no easy country to prepare for war—possibly, because of the claims of religion and the privileges of religious communities, there is no country so difficult. But the task has been achieved. The exact role of Palestine is difficult to predict, but it will be an important one. There are in Palestine forces, long thought to be immobilized, which will be given an opportunity of demonstrating their striking qualities, and, like the sudden storms that sometimes overtake those lands, they will not be denied.

The presence in Palestine of the Australian troops has had a profound effect on Arab mentality. The troops have been greeted with an enthusiasm which is another indication of the loyalty which the British Empire can summon up.

It is true to say that the whole Arab world hopes for the discomfiture of Germany and Italy. For months the Arabs have, so to speak, been watching the world drama from the wings. Henceforth they may be in the limelight; and they do not shrink from the prospect.

For five years the Eastern Mediterranean has seen coming this Nazi-Fascist onslaught. The lessons of the Abyssinian war have been learned. Not for nothing is it that Ethiopian priests in Jerusalem now declare that the time of the deliverance of their country is at hand. Seldom are the "jarring sects" in Palestine at one, but there is a common supplication now issuing from church, mosque and synagogue, namely, that the evil pretensions of Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy shall be thrown down, to disappear as finally as did Sodom and Gomorrah beneath the waters of the Dead Sea.

### Aid For Britain

American Writer Sees Grave Danger Confronting The U.S.

I believe that we should give Great Britain all possible aid in ships, airplanes, munitions and food supplies because if the British fleet should be captured by the Nazi forces the combined totalitarian navies—German, Italian and Japanese—would have two ships to every one in our fleet, their shipbuilding facilities would outrank ours by eight to one.

The Canadian border is our totally unfortified Northern frontier. Mexico, our Southern undefended frontier, is rich in oil and mines and unstable in government and defence. Central America is a hotbed of Nazi activities. South America, 16,000 miles from the Africa coast, is vulnerable to Nazi domination.

With Germany in control of the Atlantic Ocean we would have to fight to keep her from seizing the British and French possessions in the Caribbean. Thus engaged in the Atlantic, we could not have adequate defence against any designs of the Japanese in the Pacific.

With these eventualities as possibilities—and no one can guarantee that they are not—I believe that our most concerted, extreme effort should be bent toward giving the maximum possible aid to Great Britain, and by so doing help ourselves.

I therefore urge your readers to write at once to their Senators, Congressmen and to the President requesting immediate legislation to enable the sale to Great Britain of 60 reconconditioned destroyers, which would be of great service to their fleet in the present critical struggle. Letter to the New York Herald Tribune.

### A Remarkable Prophecy

Book Written By Dr. Johnson In 1759 Visualized Air Raids

Dr. Samuel Johnson, of dictionary fame, discoursed entertainingly on a multitude of themes in his books, and orally, yet it seems as if fame should yet be added to his name for a remarkable prophecy. In his book, "Rasselas, Prince of Abyssinia," which he wrote in a week because he needed money to pay for his mother's funeral, he said:

"If men were all virtuous, I should with great alacrity teach them all to fly. But what would be the security of the good if the bad could at pleasure invade them from the sky? Against an army sailing through the clouds neither walls, nor mountains, nor seas could afford security. A flight of northern savages might hover in the wind and light at once with irresistible violence upon the capital of a fruitful region that was rolling under them."

That was in 1759, before anybody had even made a balloon flight. It was wholly a product of his fertile imagination. Johnson's vision is, therefore, far more remarkable than H. G. Wells' "War of the Worlds," published in 1898, in which his terrifying description of aerial warfare was laughed at as a fantastic flight of a novelist's fancy. St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Bessarabia asserted its independence after the fall of the czarist regime in Russia in 1917 and voluntarily united with Rumania.

The London Transport system is expected to save 450 tons of paper pulp each year by the use of thinner bus tickets.

### Research Workers

Looking For Grants From Foundations Requires Some Tact

If you are an important person in some educational or research or scientific institution, and always in quest of money to help it carry on, you may have looked hopefully to the Carnegie or to the Rockefeller Foundation for grants. What are your chances? You can be sure that your application for funds is but one of hundreds—perhaps thousands. One man had a chance to examine the requests assembled in the files of one of these Foundations. Among them he found these: one from an educator who wanted an anti-communistic campaign subsidized; a plea for aid in syndicating ideas on economic reform designed to do away with capitalism; one to promote singing and dancing; one to take over the operation of a denominational college. This examiner of a foundation's files containing requests for funds has this advice to give to you, if you are planning to apply to the Carnegie or the Rockefeller or other foundation for financial assistance for your institution or project: "A good approach is to become intelligently informed of the areas of its interest and then seek its aid in these terms rather than go to it with a formulated program of needs." If you are a scientist and want money for research, some towing and wire-pulling are necessary, but not nearly so much as you might suppose. Your best advocate is your proposal itself.

More and more are grants made by the foundations in accordance with a well-established system. The day of open-handed giving will soon be over.

### Health Conditions

Welfare Of Part Of Nation Dependent On Welfare Of The Whole

In a recent Sunday New York Times is the statement: "Hitherto we have been stressing the health of the underprivileged. Now is the time to recall that health conditions in the lower one-third of the population have made notable gains in our generation. . . . This gain no one can specifically deny. For example, the health of negro people is far better than it was a generation ago."

"Apparently," says the Journal of the American Medical Association, "the Times has discovered, that the welfare of a part of a nation is dependent on the welfare of the whole and that the security of one-third is dependent on the security of three thirds." "Perhaps," continues the Journal, "the new point of view will lead the editors to the reflection that progress in the care of the sick is not to be made by breaking down confidence in the medical profession, which is the only body in the country legally scientifically and by experience qualified to care for the sick."

The United States produced 5,000,000 pounds of synthetic rubber last year.

## Royal Canadian Navy Now Playing Important Part In Defence Of The Empire

### Caravan Journeys

Something About The Systems Used In The Middle Ages

For years I have been keeping my eyes open for a vivid account of a caravan journey—such as that taken by the travellers to Europe from India in the pre-Columbus days. But so far I have failed to get the sort of picture desired; writers seem to take it for granted that we know all about caravans and their ways. So when I read about a present-day caravan journey in Thibet, I tried to imagine the caravan journeys of the Middle Ages and of prior times. This Thibetan caravan was carrying tea—tea grown on the western mountains of Szechway and shipped to the tea country of Northeast Thibet. The tea, put up in bales, is composed of the leaves, twigs and even the branches, of the wild tea plant, and is considerably adulterated with leaves and twigs of oak and laurel.

The caravan is made up of "kettles." The "kettle" is the basic unit of the caravan, and numbers from three to ten men, having from 20 to 100 or more cattle. Each kettle is composed of men who eat out of the same pot and who claim the same fire. These tea caravans do not use camels, but the hybrid yak.

Among the 26 kettles of the camp there was intense rivalry as to travel technique, speed of loading, making camp, building fires, and in getting started. Making camp is as mad a race as is breaking camp, the palm going to the kettle which, having stacked loads, loosened girths, and turned the cattle loose to graze, first gets smoke going from its fire. Afternoons are taken up with repairing gear, doctoring sore backs, and enjoying the plentiful leisure. When the camp does move, it goes at a pace of about two and a half miles an hour. Always there is the threat of attack and robbery. John C. Kirkwood.

### Hay Fever Victims

About hay fever. Experts have expressed a low opinion about pollen pills. A number of sufferers were given "fake" pills, and were told that they were made of pollen. Of the 32 cases reported on, 21.9 per cent showed some improvement. Of those given genuine pollen pills, 29.8 per cent were benefited. "Evidently," it was stated, "the wish to get better is as important as is the pill." As against the pollen pills was the pollen injection treatment, and of those thus treated 56 per cent reported improvement.

Alaska has approximately 15,000 miles of airway for every mile of highway or railroad.

## Masterpiece—Yours In Needlepoint



COPY 1940, HOUSEHOLD ARTS, INC.  
PATTERN 6771

Needlepoint—that's just half a cross stitch—is enriched by this beautiful and famous Raphael Madonna, skillfully translated into needlework. Pattern 6771 contains a transfer pattern of a picture 9½ x 12¼ inches, materials needed; color chart; illustrations of stitches.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published.

Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Just Easy Needlepoint Makes Famous Painting Yours

With the war spreading to all the seven seas, the Royal Canadian Navy is being called upon to play an increasingly important part in the defence of Canada and the Empire.

Just a year ago the average Canadian was unaware of the Dominion's naval strength and he did not know of the tremendous detail which had been prepared so that immediate expansion of the nucleus of the sea force could be effected if ever the need arose. That need arose at noon on Sunday, September 10, 1939. Within a minute of the formal declaration of war against Germany, officers and ratings of the Royal Navy were at their posts.

The Navy's strength at that time was 15 ships and only 1,774 men.

The Navy to-day has 120 vessels and 10,000 officers and men. Within a very few months 214 vessels will be in service and the personnel strength will in all likelihood exceed 15,000.

This rapid growth has, in itself, been an achievement of organization and a lasting credit to those who had laid such thorough plans for its enlargement. While a navy comprising only 215 vessels may seem small when compared with those of the great sea powers, no one can deny that an almost impossible burden would have been placed on the British Navy if the Canadian Navy did not exist.

Not only was Canada able to commission some of its vessels for service with the Royal Navy during the evacuation of the British Expeditionary Force from France, and now aiding in the defence of Britain but she has been able to arrange convoys for merchant ships and troop ships. Canada has also taken over blockade duties in certain parts of the world.

In addition to the Canadian crews serving on these Canadian vessels now operating under the command of the Royal Navy a total of more than 450 other Canadians are serving on vessels of the Royal Navy or are being trained for the Royal Navy in England.

The Royal Canadian Navy has had its full share of onerous and dangerous duties since the outbreak of war. Some of the ships are assigned to the Atlantic patrol and have, with conspicuous courage and remarkable efficiency, carried out important work in all sorts of weather. Other vessels have seen duty in the Caribbean. Still others saw duty in the evacuation of troops from France. One of these ships, the H.M.C.S. Fraser, was lost while on duty off the coast of France with the loss of 45 men. That the death toll was not greater was due to the courage and skill of the crew of the H.M.C.S. Restigouche taking on the survivors. A few weeks later the Restigouche again figured in the gallant rescue of the crew and about 700 Italians and German prisoners aboard the Arandora Star torpedoed in the Atlantic while en route to Canada. All rescue work in submarine-infested waters is dangerous to-day as due to loss of speed and consequent manoeuvrability the rescuing vessel becomes an easy target.

Every ship entering or leaving Canadian Atlantic ports must be convoyed through the danger zones. Munitions, aeroplanes and foodstuffs, of vital necessity to England, must be protected and this, since Canada is Britain's source of supply, has been the chief duty of the R.C.N.

Since the outbreak of war, the Royal Canadian Navy has supervised the conveying of more than 16,000,000 tons of cargo with the loss of less than one quarter of one per cent.

### Not Asking Much

Granny was tucking her four-year-old grandson up for the night.

"Now, dearie," she cooed, "ready for your bed-time story?"

"Not to-night, thank you, granny," he replied politely.

"Shall I sing you to sleep?"

"I'd rather not."

"Then what shall I do?"

"Granny," said the youngster, hopefully, "suppose you take a walk and let me get some sleep."



**Didsbury Pioneer.**

Established 1903  
DIDSBURY ALBERTA  
Published Every Thursday.

Subscription Rates: \$2.00 Per Year; \$1.00 Per 6 Months; 50 Cents Extra to Great Britain and the United States. Payable in advance.

Government, Legal, and Municipal Advertising: 10c per line first insertion, 12c per line [unchanged] each additional insertion. Local readers 10c per line.

Classified Advertising: For Sale, Articles Wanted, Lost, Stolen or Strayed Etc. 50c first insertion, 25c each additional insertion, 4 insertions \$1.00.

Business Cards: Special Rate of \$1.00 per month [1-inch] or \$11.00 per year if paid in advance.

Notices under Coming Events. 50c first insertion, 25c each additional insertion.

Card of Thanks (not exceeding 6 lines): 50c per insertion.

Obituary Poetry: 10c per line. Transient Advertisements to be paid for when ordered.

Changes of Advertisements must reach this Office not later than Tuesday noon to ensure insertion in the issue of that week.

J. E. Gooder - Editor & Manager

**The World of Wheat**

By H. G. L. STRANGE  
Director, "The Crop Testing Plan."

Millions of farmers and other workers in the countries of South and North America would suffer severely, it was thought, because the normal European markets for their products have been shut off by the British blockade.

History reveals that human suffering always ends in strenuous protests and in discontent; and so it was feared that this discontent would finally result in pressure upon Great Britain to ease her blockade against Nazi controlled Europe, and perhaps even to conclude a compromise peace with Hitler.

Fortunately for all, the United States, with foresight and generosity, has stepped into the breach, and has made available to the various nations of the North and South American Continents, a loan of five hundred million dollars with which to purchase and to hold the products of their farmers and others whose markets have been temporarily lost. Fifty million dollars of this amount, it is thought by some, may even be available to Canada for the holding of our own wheat.

This timely action on the part of the United States will probably be found to be as effective in helping to preserve Democracy as was the recent transfer of fifty U.S.A. destroyers to the British Navy.

Following factors have tended to raise prices: U.S.A. lends five hundred million dollars to American Continental countries with which to purchase surplus farm and other products. - Fodder shortage reduces livestock supplies in Denmark. - Preliminary reports indicate Europe's wheat harvest may be 14 per cent lower than in 1939. - Importation of wheat by Japan this year is possible as a result of reduced rice production.

Following factors have tended to lower prices: Canadian wheat supply for current marketing season is largest in the history of the country. - Seeding of the new Argentine corn crop is progressing under favorable conditions. - Canada increases cheese and milk production for Britain. - Substantial increase in planting of beans is reported in Spain.

**Alberta Parks Have Big Season.**

A gain of over 400 per cent was recorded in registrations at Jasper National Park up to August 31st this year over the total last year, official word from Ottawa received this week discloses. The park attracted 80,403 visitors in the period compared with 19,636 in 1939.

Banff National Park led the province with 178,472 visitors up to August 31st, an increase of 29,447 over last year. Visitors at Waterton National Park increased by 28,462 to 125,678.

**Seek Alberta Support For Highway to Alaska.**

Alberta support is sought for demands for an interior highway which would connect the United States and Alaska by way of Alberta, the North West Territories and the Yukon. D. E. C. Campbell,

**A Campaign for "War Savers" Army**

An army of 2 million regular "War Savers" is sought in a national "Smash Hitler" campaign now opening by the War Savings Committee, it is announced by Messrs. W. H. Somerville and de Gaspe Beaubien, National Chairmen.

To enable every man and woman in Canada to join this "Army of Two Million Regular War Savers," the committee has developed, in collaboration with the chartered banks, a special Pledge Form which will be delivered by mail to over 2,500,000 householders from coast to coast. This is one of the largest single mailings ever carried out by the Canadian Postal Service.

By using this new War Savings Pledge Form any bank depositor can instruct his bank to invest in one or more War Savings Certificates for him on the 15th of every month. Once the pledge is signed and handed to the bank, the regular purchase of War Savings Certificates becomes automatic; the purchase price of the certificates is deducted each month from the account, sent by the bank to Ottawa and the certificates delivered by mail to the depositor's home address or to any other address that he may designate.

"This new Pledge Plan," states the announcement by the Joint National Chairmen, "provides any man or woman with an ideal means both of saving money for his or her own future use and at the same time helping directly in Canada's War Effort. Most people have found that it is far easier to make a resolution to invest in War Savings Certificates every month than it is to keep that resolution. By using the new pledge form the individual overcomes this human weakness, and having signed the pledge knows that regular investment in War Savings Certificates every month will from then on be automatic."

"In connection with this plan the War Savings Committee hopes to impress upon all Canadians the fact that when they purchase War Savings Certificates, they are not giving their money, but lending it, at a reasonable rate of interest to themselves. That return amounts to a full 25 per cent in 7½ years. We hope by the end of the year that at least two million people will have taken advantage of this new and useful means of building up a reserve of savings for the future."



EVERY FRIDAY,  
SATURDAY & SUNDAY,  
MAY 31 TO SEPT. 29.  
Liberal stopover privileges  
allowed.

**Sample Return Fares:****Didsbury to Vancouver**

Coach \*Tourist \*Standard  
19.10 22.55 25.95

\*Plus berth charge

Proportionately low fares to and from other stations.

OTHER HOLIDAY SUGGESTIONS:  
See Alaska and the Yukon — 9-day "Princess" Cruises — Vancouver to Skagway and return. Carefree Sunset Cruises along West Coast of Vancouver Island. Or, if going East, take the popular Lake and Rail route.

Apply local Ticket Agent



director of publicity disclosed on Saturday.

The plan envisages the building of two highways to Alaska, one by the interior route and one through British Columbia.

**EQUIP YOUR Half, Three-quarter or One Ton Truck****WITH STANDEN'S HELPER SPRINGS**

Increase payload. Shipment from Stock. All Models  
Prices reduced on some back models

Phone or Write:

**STANDEN'S, CALGARY** 'Phones M7864 or M7865

If it's Saleable - Try a Classified

**DIDSBURY DAIRY . . .**

Milk, Cream Delivered Daily

Special Orders  
Receive Prompt Attention

Milk from our Own  
Tested Herd

You may WHIP our cream  
but you can't BEAT our milk

**TOM MORRIS**

Phone 162

Calling out men of certain age classes for medical examination, and if fit, to undergo military training for a period of 30 days within Canada, or the territorial waters thereof.

**PROCLAMATION**

ATHLONE (L.S.)

CANADA

GEORGE THE SIXTH, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

TO ALL TO WHOM these Presents shall come or whom the same may in anywise concern,

GREETING:

**PROCLAMATION**

E. MIAL, Acting Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada } WHEREAS it is provided by The National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, that the Governor in Council may make from time to time such orders and regulations requiring persons to place themselves, their services and their property at the disposal of His Majesty in the right of Canada for the use within Canada or the territorial waters thereof, as may be deemed necessary or expedient for securing the public safety, the defence of Canada, the maintenance of public order, or the efficient prosecution of the war, or for maintaining supplies or services essential to the life of the community;

AND WHEREAS pursuant to the powers therein contained, and the provisions of The War Measures Act, our Governor in Council did on the 27th day of August, 1940, make regulations to provide a system for calling out men for military training within Canada and the territorial waters thereof, such regulations being known as the National War Services Regulations, 1940;

AND WHEREAS pursuant to and in accordance with the said Regulations, it has been decided to call out for military training, as aforesaid, every male British Subject who is or has been at any time subsequent to the first day of September, 1939, ordinarily resident in Canada and who, on the first day of July, 1940, had reached the age of twenty-one years but had not yet reached the age on that date of twenty-two years or had reached the age of twenty-two years but had not yet reached the age on that date of twenty-three years, or who had reached the age of twenty-three years but had not yet reached the age on that date of twenty-four years, or who had reached the age of twenty-four years but had not yet reached the age on that date of twenty-five years and who was on the fifteenth day of July, 1940, unmarried or a widower without child or children;

NOW THEREFORE KNOW YE that pursuant to The National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, and the War Measures Act, and pursuant to and in accordance with the National War Services Regulations, 1940, promulgated under the provisions of the said Acts, we do hereby call out the aforesaid classes of men to submit themselves for medical examination and to undergo military training for a period of thirty days within Canada or the territorial waters thereof, and to report at such places and times and in such manner and to such authorities or persons as may be notified to them respectively by a Divisional Registrar of an Administrative Division appointed by the Governor in Council pursuant to the above mentioned regulations.

OF ALL OF WHICH Our Loving Subjects and all others whom these Presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS: Our Dear Uncle, Our Right Trusty and Right Well Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, ALEXANDER AUGUSTUS FREDERICK GEORGE, Earl of Athlone, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter, Member of Our Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Grand Master of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Companion of Our Distinguished Service Order, Colonel in Our Army (retired), having the honorary rank of Major-General, One of Our Personal Aides-de-Camp, Governor General and Commander in Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of Ottawa, this eleventh day of September, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty, and in the fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command, E. H. COLEMAN, Under-Secretary of State,

The above is verbatim copy of Proclamation appearing in The Canada Gazette, No. 25, Vol. LXXIV, September 13th, 1940.

Published for the information of those concerned by the authority and courtesy of  
**HONOURABLE JAMES G. GARDINER,**  
Minister of National War Services.



**BEST ATTAINABLE IMAGE**  
FROM DOCUMENT AVAILABLE





## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

When air-raid sirens are sounded at the little English village of Bootle, 5,000 radio subscribers hear the warning through their loud speakers.

The London Lord Mayor's Red Cross fund totalled \$13,521,200 for the first year of the war. The fund collected \$6,600,000 in the first year of the last war.

It has been announced that more than 1,000 blacksmiths in England and Wales are to receive special training in the use of oxy-acetylene outfits for repairing farm machinery.

Miss Hannah Gooderson, 90, who was personal maid to Queen Victoria at the time of her death in 1901, died recently in London after half a century in the Royal service.

Officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company announced the placing of orders for 535 cars and frames with Canadian Car and Foundry Company and National Steel Car Company.

Voluntary recruiting has given way to conscription in New Zealand but the voluntary system produced 80,000 volunteers for service overseas with the army, navy and Royal Air Force.

A general tax increase has been voted by the administration council of Nazi-occupied Norway, including a 10 per cent. sales tax and a 30 per cent. income tax on large private incomes and corporations.

A nine-year-old Chinese-Canadian girl, rosy-cheeked Joyce Chang, won a silver cup and the adjudicator's praise for her performance in a Scottish dancing competition at the Canadian National Exhibition.

The appointments of Frank M. Ross, as director of general production of naval armaments and equipment in the department of munitions and supply, and E. J. Bruning, as associate director of general munitions, is announced.

### New Type Of Bomber

Has Increased Load Capacity And Improved Performance

The Curtiss-Wright Corporation announced it was perfecting a new type of dive bomber with increased bomb load capacity and improved general performance for delivery soon to the United States Navy for flight tests.

The bomber is designed to operate from aircraft carriers and provide the battle fleet with maximum offensive power by carrying heavy machine guns and huge bomb loads at high speed over long distances, the announcement said.

"I am not a collector of deserts," Mussolini once declared. But you can't believe a word the man says. He now has British Somaliland. He's got his deserts and will get his deserts later.

### MICKIE SAYS—

IF EVERYONE IN THIS SHOP HAD FIVE EYES AND SEVEN EARS, STILL WE COULDN'T HEAR 'N SEE ALL THAT GOES ON. WHICH IS WHY WE SHORE DO APPRECIATE NEWS WITH YOU FOLKS PHONE IN!



HOWLINE ABOUT TH' TIMES MONT GET YOU ANYTHING BUT A SORE THROAT

### Building Up Big Industry

Refugee Experts Help Birmingham To Establish Diamond-Cutting Trade

Whilst the average man is not personally concerned about such treasures as diamonds which he does not possess, yet when the diamond question involves Britain in a time of war, the matter is of general interest. What has happened is that, by Germany's occupation of Belgium and The Netherlands, Britain has been presented with the new and valuable industry of diamond cutting. Antwerp and Amsterdam, which were former centres of the diamond industry, are now cut off from their sources of supply in Africa. As a consequence, stones from that continent are now coming direct to Britain and at Birmingham, one of Britain's greatest centres of industry, a British diamond-cutting industry has already been established.

Before Belgium and The Netherlands were overrun, a number of diamond workers came as refugees to Britain. A minor epic of those tragic days was the rescue by plane of leading diamond workers. These refugees are now assisting the Government to get the Birmingham centre firmly set on the road to prosperity. At the present the industry depends for its development almost entirely upon the skill of the refugee experts, but plans have been made to recruit and train an increasing number of young English boys to become future craftsmen.

It is the intention of the Government to develop Birmingham's diamond cutting and polishing industry to a permanent basis so that, after the war, it will become a lasting asset. It is reckoned that with 500 men in the industry, Birmingham's diamond expert trade should be worth £1,000,000 a year.

### Fisheries Experiment

Find That Salt Water Salmon Can Thrive In Fresh Water

Provincial Fisheries Minister Pierre Emile Cote of Quebec, said he had discovered that salt water salmon were able to live and develop in fresh water. Mr. Cote has just returned from a tour of the Gaspé peninsula.

At the aquarium at Gaspé, he said, he saw salt water salmon that had been kept in fresh water for seven years, and had grown to as much as 6½ pounds.

Salt water salmon move to fresh water to spawn, but usually return to salt water immediately after, he said.

## I Read --- And Write --- For You

By JOHN C. KIRKWOOD

You may imagine that you have troubles and anxieties a-many—and it may not be wholly imagination. But are your troubles and anxieties and hardships and shortage of money worse than the troubles which distress others, and which make their outlook a very gloomy one? Consider, for example, those whose business is the growing and curing of tobacco—in both the United States and Canada. The war has cut off their foreign markets in Britain, Europe, China, and elsewhere. It is not alone the loss of these markets; also there is the inevitable drop in the prices which can be obtained for tobacco. Then, too, there is the circumstance that there has been a very heavy carry-over from last year. The farmer who grows other crops can count himself lucky when he looks at the farmers who grow tobacco.

So bad is the situation and the prospect that the tobacco growers of Virginia have voluntarily agreed on a three-year programme of reduced production. They have agreed to produce no more than 618,000,000 pounds of tobacco in each of the next three years—this as against a production of 1,100,000,000 pounds in 1939. Whereas a year ago the farmers got 22 cents a pound—on an average—for last year's crop—what was sold of it, they cannot hope for more than 15 cents for this year's crop. The carry-over from last year amounts to 650,000,000 pounds.

So the tobacco farmers of Virginia are now considering a diversification of their farming—they will produce food crops, poultry, dairy products, pigs and cattle.

Speaking of tobacco: tobacco manufacturing is rated as being the oldest of America's big industries. In 1939 Americans smoked 172 billion cigarettes, and over five billion cigars, and they used 88,000,000 pounds of snuff. There is in the United States one retail tobacco outlet for every 200 persons!

We consumers are queer folk; we

### STRIKING DRESS WITH TURBAN

By Anne Adams



It won't be long now before it's back-to-school, to work, to busy days. You'll find a striking ensemble like Pattern 4512, by Anne Adams, indispensable. The colorful turban, cut in just two pieces, is a fashion "headline." The dress is strikingly simple, with a to-the-waist back buttoning, a high, round neckline and a panelled skirt. Yokes at the front shoulders hold in nicely gathered softness below. Have long, three-quarter or short sleeves. A wide girde, held together by hooks, link buttons, a bow or a clasp, gives a striking new touch. You might have the bow of vivid contrast, to tie-up with the gay turban. Here's a style that's really "different."

Pattern 4512 is available in junior miss sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18. Size 13, dress, takes 2¾ yards 39 inch fabric; bow and turban, 1 yard contrast.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

### Australia's New Stamps

Issued By Dominion To Produce Revenue For War Effort

Mailed from Canberra on July 15, the first day of issue, full sets of the special "war stamps," issued by the Australian Government, reached Canada recently. The stamps are in four denominations, of one, two, three and six pence, and were issued to produce revenue for Australia's war effort. A common design appears in each stamp, an Australian soldier, sailor and airman standing shoulder to shoulder with the head and shoulders of a Red Cross nurse as the central design in the upper background. The stamps carry the date "1940." First day issues of the stamps were posted on official first-day covers, which carry the legend "Men, Munitions and Material, Australia's War Effort," over a solid map of Australia.

Other "war time" stamps are being issued or contemplated by Australia as a means of raising war revenues. A series of United States postage stamps designed to spread the doctrine of adequate national defence into every city, town and hamlet in the republic and its possessions, is planned for issuance this fall. It is understood that President Roosevelt himself had given the "go" sign to the project and is now working out the details of the contemplated issue with officials of the post office department. It has been suggested that there be three stamps issued in the United States to comprise the series—a 2-cent, 3-cent and 5-cent stamp. These denominations would take care of all first class mail matter, including that for foreign countries.

The question has been raised as to why the Dominion postal authorities do not consider the issuance of special war stamps for Canada as a means of raising revenue. With Canadian stamps always popular with collectors, a special issue should have a large sale.

### Full-Time Patriotism

People Should Serve Empire In Peace As Well As In War

In a message to the Royal Society of St. George, the president, Lord Queensborough, says:

"It is fashionable to declare ourselves an island fortress, and patriotic and loyal sentiments long derided and suppressed have been allowed to reappear—but patriotism is not a catch phrase to be brought out of cold storage in times of danger and then locked away again when order is restored. The soldier's profession is an honorable one in peace or war, our Sovereign and our Country's flag demand our devotion in fair weather as well as foul, our Empire should at all times be a source of pride to one and all. Had we finally abandoned the Empire before this war—as were urged to do by many who now strike warlike attitudes in the safety of their offices or clubs—the whole world would now be helpless beneath the heel of Hitler."

### Must Be Finger-Printed

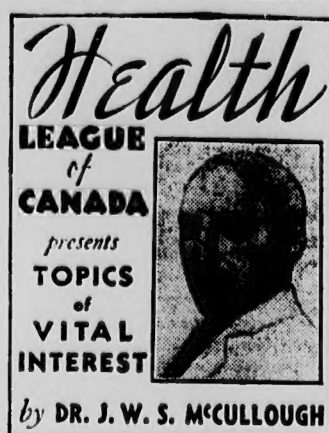
Regulations Cover All British Subjects Crossing Border From Canada

All Canadian residents and British subjects domiciled in Canada visiting the United States now are required to be finger printed. Those visiting in the United States for less than 29 days have one finger printed. Those staying longer than that have all four fingers and thumb printed.

To simplify border crossing for temporary visitors, the United States government announced identification cards, in addition to passports, would be required of Canadians crossing the border daily or intending to stay in the United States less than 29 days.

It was explained by the United States legation at Ottawa there would be no formal finger printing. By formal finger printing, however, is meant the taking of prints from all five digits, the legation explained. Persons obtaining identification cards are required to make a print of the right index finger on the card.

What ails this continent is too many people in too many cars in too much of a hurry going in too many different directions to nowhere for nothing.



### ASTHMA

Asthma affects all races, ages and sexes. In 40 per cent. of cases the disposition to asthma is inherited, that is to say that some member of the family has had hay fever, asthma, urticaria (hives) or some peculiar susceptibility to a food or odour. In the balance of cases the exact cause is unknown, but it is known that certain conditions within the body are causes in many cases.

There is a form of asthma which occurs in young children and due to enlargement with excessive secretion of the thymus gland. Bacterial infection is another cause. Asthma often follows common colds especially in children. Adults afflicted with bronchitis and emphysema have successive attacks of asthma every time they get a cold. Reflex causes are disturbances in the nose or throat. Infection of tonsils, teeth, appendix, gall-bladder, pelvis or elsewhere may be causes.

In asthma there are attacks of shortness of breath with coughing and perhaps a slight fever. The attacks come on suddenly and may last for days. Many persons are hypersensitive to what are called foreign proteins such as the pollen of ragweed, danders and emanations from animals, vegetable dusts or dust from such articles as feathers, leather, wool, cat's or dog's fur. The use of such foods as white of egg, cereals, especially wheat and cow's milk may cause asthma.

Persons working under a severe strain are liable to attacks of asthma. Before beginning treatment the physician must learn all he can about the patient and his surroundings, his general health, the condition of the nose and throat and other organs commonly subject to infection, his association with pets, horses and other animals, the food he uses, the quarters for sleep and general living conditions. There is no circumstance too trivial in relation to the patient to be investigated.

In order to find the foods and foreign materials to which the person is sensitive skin tests must be made. Extracts of these substances are injected into or rubbed into scratches in the skin. If, after one or other of these is so used, a red ring forms around the scratch in the course of 15 minutes to an hour, we know that the individual is sensitive. It may be that a feather pillow, cat's or dog's fur that are at the bottom of a child's attack. If so some other sort of pillow must be used. If dogs or cats are involved, they should be banished. There are too many dogs and cats about households. Most neighborhoods could profitably do with two-thirds the number. Offending foods must be eliminated and every discovered cause avoided. The X-ray is effective in the control of thymus asthma.

Editorial Note: Readers who would like a valuable set of articles on the Cause and Control of Cancer may obtain them—free of all charge—by writing to: The Health League of Canada, Dept. W.N.U., 111 Avenue Road, Toronto, Ont. Just say: "Please send me Dr. McCullough's articles on Cancer," and print your name and address plainly.

### Tell Age Of Fish

Scales Of Fish Better Indicators Than Teeth In Horses

Fish scales were described as virtual "biographies" telling not only the age, but the origin of fish and how many times they have spawned. They also tell, more accurately than heretofore possible, whether shad or rock are being "over-fished" to extinction in any given locality.

This new technique was developed by Dr. R. A. Nesbit of the United States fish and wild life service, and David H. Wallace of the Chesapeake biological laboratory.

Scales of fish are better age-indicators than teeth in horses. They show annual growth "rings" much like the annular rings in trees, Wallace explained.

The fools are not all dead and worse still, they are not all born yet.



## ENJOY ITS GENUINE MINT FLAVOR



● Every day millions find real enjoyment in the cooling, long-lasting flavor of WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT GUM—blended from fresh garden mint.

It's good for you, too—helps keep teeth bright and attractive. Dentists recommend it.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT CHEWING GUM  
AFTER EVERY MEAL

GET SOME TODAY!

## The Park Lane Mystery

By Edgar Wallace

Copyright, by Edgar Wallace, Serialized by Ledger Syndicate.

### CHAPTER XVI.—Continued

At the corner of Bedford place a shining limousine was drawn up by the sidewalk, and so deep was he in thought that he would have passed, had not the man who was sitting at the wheel removed the long chair from his white teeth and called him by name. Jim turned with a start. The last person he expected to meet at this hour of the morning in the prosaic environment of Theobald's Road.

"I thought it was you," Mr. Harlow's voice was cheerful, his manner a pattern of geniality. "This is a fortunate meeting."

"For which of us?" smiled Jim, leaning his elbow on the window opening and looking into the face of the man.

"For both, I hope. Come inside, and I'll drive you anywhere you're going. I have an invitation to offer and a suggestion to make."

Jim opened the door and stepped in. Harlow was a skilful driver. He slipped in and out of the traffic into Bedford Square, and then:

"Do you mind if I drive you to my house? Perhaps you can spare the time?"

Jim nodded, wondering what was the proposition. But throughout the drive Mr. Harlow kept up a flow of unimportant small talk, and he said nothing important until he showed his visitor into the beautiful library. Mr. Harlow threw his heavy coat and cap onto one of the red settees, twisted a chair round, so that it revolved like a tectotum, and set it down near his visitor.

"Somebody followed you here," he said. "I saw him out of the tail of my eye. A Scotland Yard man! My dear man, you are very precious to the law." He chuckled at this. "But I bear you no malice that you do not trust me. My theory is that it is much better for a dozen innocent men to come under police surveillance than for a guilty man to escape detection. Only it is sometimes a little unnerving; the knowledge that I am being watched I could stop it at once, of course. The

## WOMEN WANTED

38 to 52 years old. Women who are restless, moody, NERVOUS—who fear hot flashes, dizzy spells—to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Pinkham's is famous for helping women during these "trying times" due to functional irregularities. Get a bottle today from your druggist! WORTH TRYING!

Courier is in the market—I could buy a newspaper and make your lives very unpleasant indeed. I could raise a dozen men up in Parliament to ask what the devil you meant by it. In fact, my dear Carlton, there are so many ways of breaking you and your immediate superior that I cannot carry them in my head!"

And Jim had an uncomfortable feeling that this was no vain boast.

"I really don't mind," Harlow went on; "it annoys me a little, but amuses me more. I am almost above the law! How stupid that sounds!" He slapped his knee and his rich laughter filled the room. "Of course I am; you know that! Unless I do something very stupid and so trivial that even the police can understand that I am breaking the law, you can never touch me!"

He waited for some comment here, but Jim was content to let his host do most of the talking. A footman came in at that moment, pushing a little basket trolley, and, to Jim's surprise, it contained a silver tea service, in addition to a bottle of whisky, siphon and glasses.

"I never drink," explained Harlow. "When I say 'never,' it would be better if I said 'rarely.' Tea drinking is a pernicious habit which I acquired in my early youth." He lifted the bottle. "For you—?"

"Tea also," said Jim, and Mr. Harlow inclined his head.

"I thought that was possible," he said, and when the servant had gone he carried his tea back to the writing table and sat down.

"You're a very clever young man," he said abruptly, and Jim showed his teeth in a skeptical smile. "I could almost wish you would admit your genius. I hate that form of modesty which is expected in self-depreciation. You're clever. I have watched your career and have interested myself in your beginning. If you were an ordinary police officer I should not bother with you; but you are something different."

Again he paused, as though he expected a protest, but neither by word nor gesture did Jim Carlton approve or deny his right to this distinction.

"As for me, I am a rich man," Harlow went on. "Yet I need the very help you can give to me. You are not well off, Mr. Carlton? I believe you have an income of \$200 a year or thereabouts, apart from your salary, and that is very little for one who sooner or later must feel the need of a home of his own, a wife and a family—"

Again he paused suggestively, and this time Jim spoke.

"What do you suggest to remedy this state of affairs?" he asked.

Mr. Harlow smiled. "You are being sarcastic. There is sarcasm in your voice! You feel that you are superior to the question of money. You can afford to laugh at it. But, my friend, money is a very serious thing. I offer you \$5,000 a year."

He rose to his feet the better to emphasize the offer, Jim thought.

"And my duties?" he said quietly.

Harlow shrugged his big shoulders; the ample skirt of his frock coat swirled back as he put his hands deep into his trousers pockets.

"To watch my interests." He almost snapped the words. "To employ that clever brain of yours in furthering my cause, in protecting me when I go—joking! I love a joke—a practical joke. To see the right man squirming makes me laugh. Five thousand a year, and all your expenses paid to the utmost limit. You like play going? I'll show you a play that will set you rolling with joy! What do you say?"

"No," said Jim simply, "I'm not keen on jokes."

"You're not?" Harlow made a little grimace. "What a pity! There might be a million in it for you. I am not trying to induce you to do something against your principles, but it is a pity."

It seemed to Jim's sensitive ear that there was genuine regret in Harlow's tone, but he went on quickly:

"I appreciate your standpoint. You have no desire to enter my service. You are, let us say, antipathetic toward me?"

"I prefer my own work," said Jim. Harlow's smile was broad and benevolent.

"There remains only one suggestion: I want you to come to the dinner and reception I am giving to the Macedonian delegates next



Thursday. Regard that as an olive branch!"

Jim smiled.

"I will gladly accept your invitation, Mr. Harlow," he said, and then with scarcely a pause: "Where can I find Marling?"

The words were hardly out of his lips before he cursed himself for his folly. He had not the slightest intention of asking such a fool question, and he could have kicked himself for the stupid impulse which, in one fraction of a second, had thrown out of gear the delicate machinery of investigation.

Not a muscle of Stratford Harlow's face moved.

"Marling?" he repeated. His black brows met in a frown; the pale eyes surveyed the detective blankly. "Marling?" he said again. "Now where have I heard that name? You don't mean the fellow who was my tutor? Good God! What a question to ask! I have never heard of him from the day he left for South Africa or somewhere."

"The Argentine?" suggested Jim.

"Was it the Argentine? I'm not sure. Yes, I am—Pernambuco—cholera—he died there!"

The underlip came thrusting out. Harlow was passing to the aggressive.

"The truth is, Marling and I were not very good friends. He treated me rather as though I were a child, and I cannot think of him without resentment. Marling! How that name brings back the most uncomfortable memories! The succession of wretched cottages, of prim, neat gardens, of his abominable Greek and Latin verses, differential calculi, the whole horrible gauntlet of so-called education through which a timid youth must run and be flayed. Why do you ask?"

Jim had his excuse all ready. He might not recover the ground he had lost, but he could at least consolidate himself against further retirement.

"I have had an inquiry from one of his former associates." He mentioned a name, and here he was on safe ground, for it was the name of a man who had been a contemporary of Marling's and who was in the same college. Not a difficult achievement for Jim, who had spent that morning looking up old university lists. Evidently it had no significance for Harlow.

"I seem to remember Marling talking about him," he said. "But twenty-odd years is a very long time to cast back one's memory. And very probably I am an unconscious liar! So far as I know—he shook his head—"Marling is dead. I have no absolute proof of this, but if you wish I will have inquiries made. The Argentine Government will do almost anything I wish."

"You're a lucky man," Jim held out his hand with a laugh.

"I wonder if I am?" Harlow looked at him steadfastly. "I wonder! And I wonder if you are, Mr. Carlton," he added slowly. "Or will be?"

Jim Carlton was not in a position to supply an answer.

His foot was on the doorstep when Harlow called him back.

"I owe you an apology," he said.

Jim supposed that he was talking about the offer he had made, but this was not the case.

"It was a crude and degrading

business, Mr. Carlton—but I have a passion for experiment. Such methods were efficacious in the days of our forefathers, and I argued that human nature has not greatly changed."

Carlton was listening in bewilderment.

"I don't quite follow you," Mr. Harlow showed his teeth in a smile and for a moment his pale eyes lit up with glee.

"This was not a case of you following me—but of my following you. A crude business. I am heartily ashamed of myself!"

Jim was halfway to Scotland Yard before the solution of this mysterious apology occurred to him. Stratford Harlow was expressing his regret for the attack that had been delivered by his agents in Long Acre.

Jim stopped to scratch his head. "That man worries me!" he said aloud.

(To Be Continued)

## Research In Pulp And Paper

Example Of The Value Of Co-operation Between Government And Industry

An expanded program of research in pulp, paper and related products is provided for in a new agreement entered into by the Federal Department of Mines and Resources with the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association and McGill University. Under the terms of this agreement the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association undertakes to provide greatly increased support for the extension of studies aimed at the improvement of production methods and the reduction of manufacturing costs. The first agreement for such co-operative activity was entered into 12 years ago, at which time the Association erected a special research building on a site provided by McGill University.

The Dominion Government has a very definite interest in the pulp and paper industry as, in addition to occupying a leading place in the country's export trade, this industry provides employment for thousands of high-skilled as well as unskilled workers. Likewise the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association is fully aware of the necessity of research in order to maintain and improve the industry's position in the highly competitive markets of the world, and has manifested this interest by substantially increased appropriations for the operation of the Pulp and Paper Institute. McGill, as well as other Canadian Universities, finds through the pulp and paper industries a broad field of employment for graduates in engineering, chemistry and other related sciences.

Thus the Pulp and Paper Institute is an outstanding example of the value of effective co-operation between government, industry and educational institutions in employing material and human resources to advance the country's industrial and social welfare.

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

### GOLDEN RULE APPLIED

Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets.—Matthew 7: 12.

To do as you would be done by, is the plain, sure, and undisputed rule of morality and justice.—Lord Chesterfield.

Mankind will be God-governed in proportion as God's government becomes apparent, the Golden Rule utilized, and the rights of man and the liberty of conscience held sacred.—Mary Baker Eddy.

To have a respect for ourselves guides our morals; and to have a deference for others governs our manners.—Sterne.

Do not make things comfortable for yourself in such a way as to make them uncomfortable for others.—Chinese Proverb.

The Golden Rule works like gravitation.—C. F. Dole.

Ninety-five per cent. of South America lies nearer the Old World than does New York City.

Approximately 8,759,700 acres of land in South Dakota are still termed "public domain." 2376

## HOME SERVICE

EVERYBODY LOVES TO SING  
STEPHEN FOSTER DITTIES



I dream of Jeanie with the

New Songbook Has Dixie Airs  
When friends are gathered together there's nothing like a favorite southern song to create a warm friendly atmosphere. Stephen Foster's "Jeanie with Light Brown Hair" appeals to every heart.

"I see her tripping where the bright streams play."

Happy as the daisies that dance on her way."

And who, in leafing through a southern songbook, ever skips Foster's "Oh Susanna"? Happily you warble:

"I came to Alabama wid my banjo on my knee."

I'm g'wan to Louisiana. My true love for to see."

Of course you'll want to wind up the program with a stirring old-time spiritual. "Nobody Knows the Trouble I've Seen" calls for lots of feeling.

"Nobody knows the trouble I've seen—"

Glory Hallelujah!

Sometimes I'm up, sometimes I'm down.

Yes! Yes! Lord, sometimes I'm almost to the ground."

For club get-togethers, parties, picnics, our southern songbook has 27 songs complete with words, music, piano accompaniments, guitar arrangements. Includes eight Stephen Foster airs, as well as spirituals and other favorites.

Send 15 cents in coins for your copy of "Stephen Foster's Songbook" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

The following booklets are also available at 15c each:

159—Simple Cartooning Self-Taught"

188—"Easy Lessons in Guitar Playing"

187—"Decorative and Useful Things to Make With Paper"

167—"Popular Cowboy Songs"

168—"Etiquette: The Correct Thing to Do"

161—"New Ideas in Making Curtains and Draperies."

## First Aid Lectures

Given Twice Each Week On Street Of London Suburb

Housewives on Stockton Road, Edmonton, a north London suburb, claim they've got the first street first aid corps in Britain. Twice weekly they listen to first aid lectures.

Each housewife has contributed a bottle of disinfectant or a roll of cotton wool, bandages or scissors. Motto of the corps is "Self help saves minutes, saves lives."

A scientist has recorded visibly the trills and chirps of crickets, in order to study their music.

The United States is the world's largest consumer of crude drugs used in preparing medicines.

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\$1.00 SENDS 300  
"BRITISH CONSOLS"  
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Cigarettes

or 1 lb. Tobacco—BRIER SMOKING or  
or 500 MACDONALD'S FINE CUTS (with  
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## we *HAVE* lumber and it *IS* for Granaries

REGARDLESS OF ANY RUMORS  
TO THE CONTRARY!

Now is the Time to stock up on LUMP COAL—before  
the Fall advance in price!

**ATLAS LUMBER CO., LTD.**  
DICK WALLACE, Mgr. Phone 125

## Don't Forget The Red Cross Your Help is Needed!



**FOR LATE SUMMER HOLIDAYS**  
**SEPT. 13 to 27** **THREE CLASSES TICKETS:**  
COACH, \*COACH-TOURIST, \*STANDARD  
45 Day Return Limit \*Good in sleeping cars of class shown  
Stopovers allowed on payment of berth charge.  
en route For Full Information Ask



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R. Roy McLean, Optometrist and  
Optician — at the Roseland Hotel,  
Monday, Thursday, October 7th —  
Wednesdays to Saturdays consult at  
209-210 Southern Building, Calgary.



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**\$1.20**  
Correspondingly Low Fares  
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Good Going **OCTOBER 4 - 5**  
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RETURN **OCTOBER 7**  
These bargain fare tickets will also  
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Good in Coaches only. No baggage  
checked. For additional informa-  
tion and train schedules, consult  
Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent.



### LOCAL & GENERAL

Watch out for the Red Cross Tea  
which will be held shortly!

Buy Fall Underwear at Scott's—  
good quality lines, reasonable prices.

Miss Evelyn Liesemer was visiting  
friends in town on Wednesday.

Bruce Clarke left on Monday for  
Edmonton to continue his course at  
the University.

Mr. Pete Miquelon left on Monday  
for Bowden, where he will act as  
relief agent for two weeks.

Miss Peggy Morgan left on Mon-  
day for Edmonton, where she will  
attend the University of Alberta.

Mr. Milo Clemens left on Friday  
for Kimberley, B.C. where he will  
spend a month with his daughter,  
Mrs. Ratcliff and family.

Mrs. Mary Diebel of Wheatlands,  
Wyoming, is visiting her sister,  
Mrs. H. M. Reiber and other relatives  
in the district.

Mrs. C. A. Patterson and Mrs.  
G. H. N. Pross were dinner guests  
of Mrs. J. S. M. Garner last Thurs-  
day evening.

Mrs. John Hislop, along with her  
daughter, Primrose, is visiting her  
sister Mrs. Max Heust at Wayne,  
Alberta, this week.

If regular prices break your heart  
—the "Rexall" One Cent Sale will  
be on at Law's Drug Store on Oc-  
tober 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Mr. Wilfred Reed, of Vancouver,  
is renewing acquaintances here this  
week. Mr. Reed is a former Dids-  
bury boy.

Mr. W. A. Austin went to Ed-  
monton on Tuesday to attend an  
executive meeting of the Union of  
Alberta Municipalities. Mr. Austin  
is vice-president of the Union.

Just received—shipment of 19 top  
Water Buffalo Work Boots, and  
every pair is guaranteed—Scott's.

Reserve Thursday, October 3rd,  
to hear a recital of "Jean Valjean"  
by Harriet J. Pollard in the Knox  
United Church at 8:30 p.m. under  
the auspices of Knox Senior Ladies  
Aid.

Harold McFarquhar, who has  
joined the National Home Defence  
Forces and attached to the Quar-  
termaster's staff, is now in Calgary  
prior to being transferred to the  
Camrose Training Camp.

The most beautiful picture ever  
made and the most human story ever  
told — "The Blue Bird," in Techni-  
color, at the movies this week, with  
Shirley Temple and Spring Byington  
— a 4-star rating you shouldn't miss!

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Russell wish to  
announce the engagement of their  
second daughter, Lucille Elizabeth,  
to Mr. Clair Crosbie of Sebe, Al-  
berta. The wedding will take place  
in the near future.

A. G. Studer, who is now digging  
his vegetables, brought in a carrot  
on Tuesday which was a "quintup-  
let," making a perfect five-in-one.  
Harry Pearson also handed in a car-  
rot that weighed 1 lb. 11 ozs.

Delmar Foots, who had been  
working in Calgary during the sum-  
mer vacation, spent a few days at  
his home here last week and left for  
Edmonton to resume his studies at  
the University of Alberta.

The regular meeting of the Cana-  
dian Legion will be held Saturday  
evening at 8:30. Nomination of offi-  
cers and other important business  
will be transacted. All members  
are requested to be present — "On  
the town."

Men's Serviceable Footwear, all  
lines—Scott's have the best values.

### BIRTHS

At Didsbury General Hospital

September 20th to Mr. and Mrs.  
Peter Neufeldt a son.

September 22nd to Mr. and Mrs.  
Walter McElroy a son.

Just the thing for these chilly fall  
mornings — one of Scott's Wind-  
breakers, extra good value at \$3.00.

Attention! "Stand at ease!" — wait  
for the "Rexall" One Cent Sale at  
Law's Drug Store, October 2, 3,  
4 and 5.

### Rail Grade Rule Effective September 30

Rail or carcass grading of hogs  
will become effective and live grad-  
ing discontinued on September 30th,  
the Dominion marketing service of  
the department of agriculture an-  
nounced at Edmonton on Tuesday.

"Every shipper will be required  
to place a distinct mark of identity  
on each hog of each farmer's lot,"  
said the order. "Final payments to  
the producer shall be made to the  
farmer on the return of the carcass  
grade. To avoid a delay attach a  
shipper's manifest to the railway's  
way bill when shipping."

### Notes From the West

Mr. and Mrs. J. Krebs were Cal-  
gary visitors on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown ar-  
rived from Chilliwack on Thursday  
to spend a month in the district.

Mr. and Mrs. E. McInnis visited  
Mr. and Mrs. George Anderson on  
Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sugden, of Calgary,  
were Sunday visitors with Mr. and  
Mrs. F. Batten.

Mr. and Mrs. Monck, of Calgary,  
visited the latter's parents, Mr. and  
Mrs. W. Bunn, over the weekend.

Pro. Lawrence Oliver returned to  
camp on Saturday after spending  
a week or more in the Rugby district.

### Girl Guide Groups Contribute \$11,000 in War Equipment

During the "Empire Gift Week"  
when Girl Guides from all over the  
Empire gave their share to help pur-  
chase two air ambulances and a  
motor lifeboat for His Majesty's  
forces, over 48,475 pounds was col-  
lected, considerably more than twice  
the amount of the object set, accord-  
ing to the official Guide magazine  
published in England. Thus, other  
gifts have been made possible.

The motor lifeboat, towards which  
the Didsbury groups made a contri-  
bution, has already been built and  
saw service at Dunkirk where it was  
slightly damaged and is now being  
repaired and completed. The boat  
was called "The Guide of Dunkirk"  
to commemorate her first service.

The amount given as their share  
by the Brownies, Guides, Rangers  
and other members past and present  
of the movement in Canada was over  
\$11,000.

### Evangelical Church Notes

The subject for the morning ser-  
mon next Lord's Day will be "The  
Word Made Flesh." In the eve-  
ning the pastor will preach from  
the theme "The Influence of Bel-  
ief."

The weekly Prayer Service is a  
place where you can find help; a  
place where you can help your  
church; a place where you can help  
the world. Let nothing interfere  
with your regular attendance at the  
prayer service every Wednesday eve-  
ning of each week.

### CHIROPRACTIC

**H. S. RAMSEY**  
B.A., D.C., Ph.C.

Wishes to extend to the  
people of Didsbury and Dis-  
trict the chiropractic service  
available to them at his  
OLDS offices, in the Kemp  
Block. The offices are open  
daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.  
Prompt service is assured  
by 'phoning 13 OLDS and  
making an appointment.

Providing the requests  
are sufficient, a branch office  
for a daily service will be  
set up in Didsbury. Make  
your requests known by  
writing to Dr. H. S. Ram-  
sey, Box 365, Olds. He will  
be pleased to answer your  
questions. REMEMBER—  
your response means the  
BEST in Chiropractic for  
you.

## Ranton's

### WEEKLY STORE NEWS

#### NEW SHOES for Women . .

Sixteen styles to choose  
from in pumps, ties, gores,  
step-ins and oxfords. Kid,  
patent, suede, calf, etc. All  
at popular prices.

**\$2.95 and \$3.45**

#### NEW SWEATERS for Women

Pure wool in newest shades  
Just **\$2.95**

#### TOWELS?

Yes, lots of them. White  
with colored stripes. Hand  
and bath towels. Real value  
**35c** pair and up

#### TOWEL SETS

Lovely towel sets just in.  
Extra good values.

**75c** and up

#### MEN . . . your NEW OVERCOATS are Here!

ONE PRICE—  
**\$22.50**

**Brown  
Scotch Grain Oxfords**  
Real Values  
**\$5.95**

Play Safe - Shop at  
**Ranton's**



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Alberta Light Horse**

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Parades: Sunday, October 6, 13 hrs.  
Acting 2nd-Lt. R. WALLACE  
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